

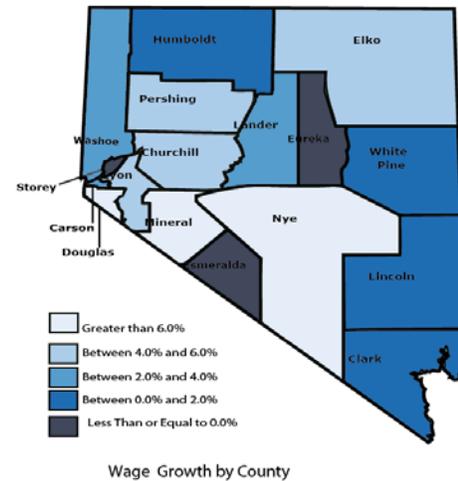
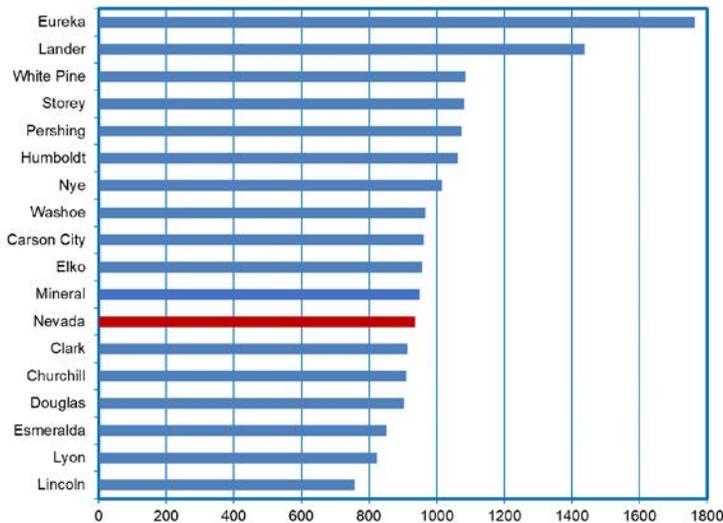
Research Notes



County Weekly Wages 2018:IIIQ
 Tim Wilcox, Economist

Note: 2019:20
 February 20, 2019

Eureka/Lander/White Pine Pay the Highest Average Weekly Wages; Douglas Realizes Highest Rate of Growth



- In the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) Program, the Research and Analysis Bureau collects and compiles employment and wage data for workers covered by Nevada unemployment insurance laws, and federal civilian workers covered by Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees.
- Based upon this information, Nevada wages averaged \$936 per week, as of 2018:IIIQ. This is a 2.4 percent increase relative to the same period in 2017. Weekly wages range from \$757 (Lincoln) to \$1763 (Eureka). Seven counties have payrolls above \$1,000 per week. This can be attributed to high concentration of mining in five of the seven counties listed. In Storey County, logistics and manufacturing contribute to the relatively high wages. As for Nye County, the relatively high wages arise from Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services.
- As for Nevada's major population centers, Carson City wages totaled \$962 per week through the third quarter. Washoe County, at \$967, came in just above the statewide average. Clark County was slightly below State average at \$914 per week.
- Change in weekly wages range from -5.2% (Esmeralda) to 7.6% (Douglas). 15 of 17 counties experienced an increase in average weekly wages in this year's third quarter. The increase in wages in Douglas County is due to wage increases in Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services. The decrease in wages in Storey is most likely attributable to increased employment at the entry level therefore bringing down the average wage. In Esmeralda County, the wage decrease is primarily attributable to loss of mining employment.
- As for Nevada's major population centers, Carson City grew at a rate higher than the Silver State at 3.2%. Washoe County experienced a wage increase higher than the statewide average at 3.8%. Wages in Clark County grew at a rate lower than that of the Silver State at 1.8%.

Research Notes



This workforce product was funded by a grant awarded by the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration. The product was created by the recipient and does not necessarily reflect the official position of the U.S. Department of Labor. The U.S. Department of Labor makes no guarantees, warranties, or assurances of any kind, express or implied, with respect to such information, including any information on linked sites and including, but not limited to, accuracy of the information or its completeness, timeliness, usefulness, adequacy, continued availability, or ownership. This product is copyrighted by the institution that created it. Internal use by an organization and/or personal use by an individual for non-commercial purposes is permissible. All other uses require the prior authorization of the copyright owner.